

# Industrial Carbon Management Strategy for Europe

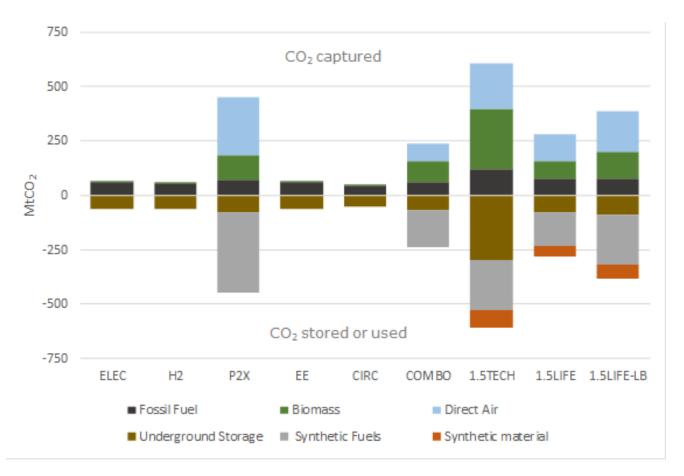
K. Bolesta

CCUS Team Leader, Directorate-General for Energy

**European Commission** 



#### Green Deal modelling reality



Source: Scenario Analysis Results for CCUS, Vision for a Clean Planet by 2050

- Hard-to-abate sectors
- Carbon removals
- Bridge to H2 market
- Power sector
- Fuels and other products



#### **Driving the Strategy**

- Existing framework and projects
- Studies on CO<sub>2</sub> transport and storage infrastructure
- Public consultation June-August 2023
- CCUS Forum regular meetings
- Net Zero Industry Act negotiations



#### Legislation in place

- EU ETS carbon price
- Sustainable taxonomy includes CCS
- CCS Directive ensures CCS is done safely
- CCU fuels are encouraged through the Renewable Energy Directive
- Trans-European Energy Networks supports investment in CO<sub>2</sub> pipelines and storage
- EU 'carbon removal certificates' framework





#### **Innovation Fund**

Kairos-at-C - CO<sub>2</sub> capture from hydrogen, ammonia and ethylene oxide production

K6 - CO<sub>2</sub> capture at cement plant

BECCS Stockholm - bio-energy CO<sub>2</sub> capture at a combined heat and power plant

SHARC - Green hydrogen and blue hydrogen production





#### **Innovation Fund**

Carbon2Business – oxy-fuel CO<sub>2</sub> capture for methanol production (Germany)

AIR - Methanol production from renewable H2 and carbon capture (Sweden)

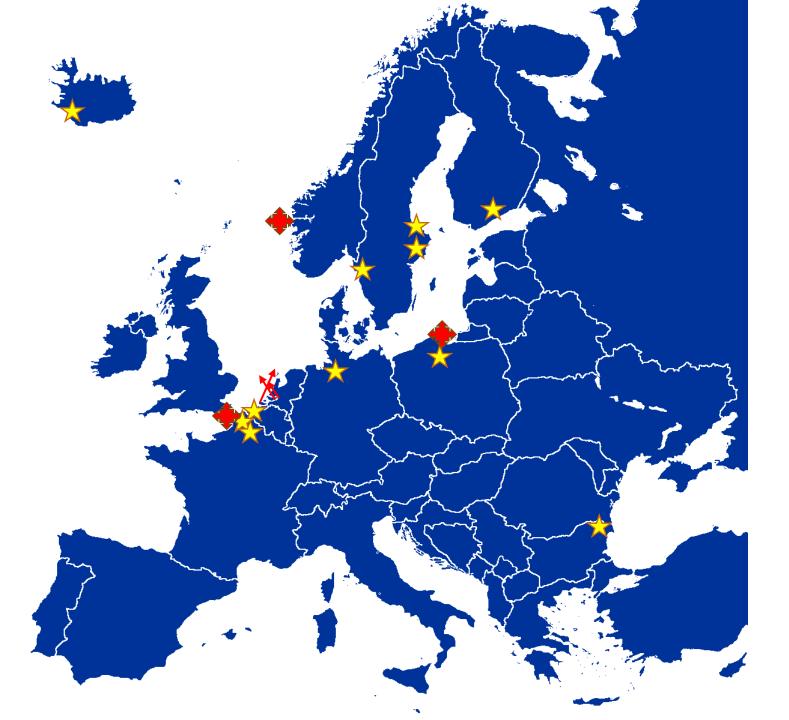
HySkies - Sustainable Aviation Fuel from RES H2 and CCU (Sweden)

Coda Terminal - CO<sub>2</sub> mineral storage hub in onshore basalt formation (Iceland)

ANRAV - Oxy-fuel in cement production (Bulgaria)

GO4ECOPLANET - Cryocap CO<sub>2</sub> capture in cement (Poland)

CalCC - CO<sub>2</sub> capture in lime production (France)



# Projects of Common Interest

CO2 TransPorts - large-scale capture, transport and storage of CO<sub>2</sub> from Rotterdam, Antwerp and the North Sea Port

Athos - CO<sub>2</sub> from industrial areas in NL

Aramis - CO<sub>2</sub> from industrial areas in NL

Northern lights - Commercial CO<sub>2</sub> crossborder transport connection from EU countries to NO

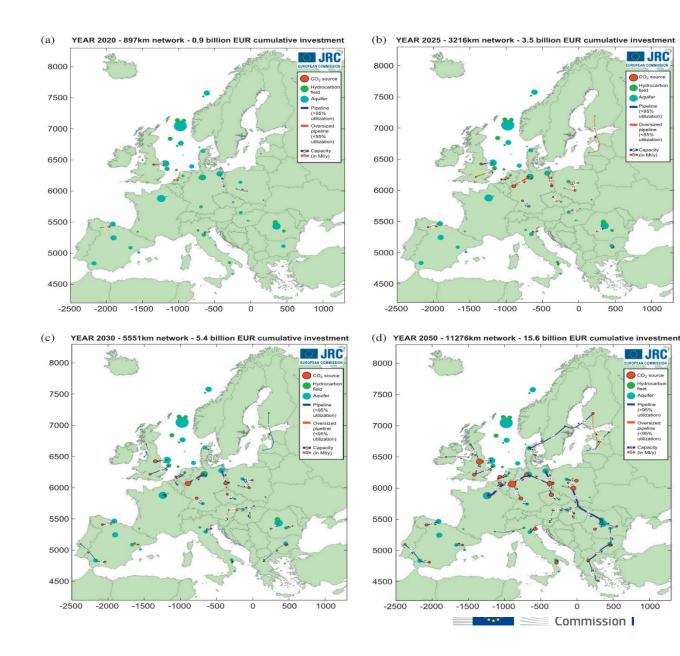
Dartagnan - Multimodal HUB in Dunkirk

EU CCS Interconnector - CO<sub>2</sub> from industrial area around Gdansk PL



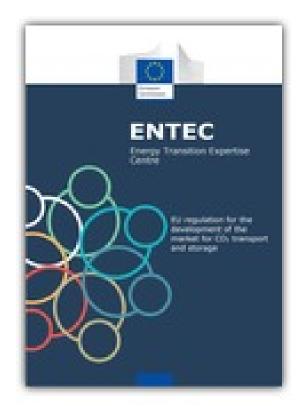
#### CO<sub>2</sub> backbone

- Identification and clustering of CO<sub>2</sub> sources and sinks
- Scenarios on evolution of emission sources and storage capacities
- Routing of pipelines
- Network evolution over time



## CO<sub>2</sub> transport regulation

- Open access
- Long-term planning
- Business models
- Regulatory oversight
- Common standards
- Unbundling
- Lessons from n. gas and H<sub>2</sub>
- Lessons from other countries



https://energy.ec.europa.eu/publications/eu-regulation-development-market-co2-transport-and-storage\_en



### Stakeholder dialogue

- CCUS Forum
- Open Public Consultation





#### CO<sub>2</sub> storage obligation for the EU – Net Zero Industry Act

- EU-wide objective to achieve an annual CO<sub>2</sub> storage capacity of 50 million tonnes by 2030 (EOR/EGR excluded)
- Oil and gas producers to provide an individual contribution for reaching the target
- Contribution based on share of overall EU oil and gas production (2020-23)
- Target can be met using own assets and cooperation
- When NZIA becomes EEA relevant target will be revised





## Possible elements of the Strategy

- Storage capacity development
- Network regulation and planning needs
- Common CO<sub>2</sub> standards/specs
- Support scheme/s and de-risking
- What kind & how much CCU and carbon removals
- Role of industry in CCS/CCU deployment
- Carbon management value chain MRV
- What international co-operation on carbon management

#### Milestones

- Public consultation deadline for feedback – 31 August
- CCUS Forum process ongoing
- CCUS Forum plenary November
- NZIA negotiations ongoing
- Strategy published 4Q





# Thank you!



#CCUSForum #CarbonManagementStrategy